

The Hongkong Telegraph.

NEW SERIES NO. 11

SATURDAY, APRIL 13, 1895.

THIRTY DOLLARS
PER ANNUM.

Banks.

THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA,
AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.
INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER, 1853.
HEAD OFFICE: LONDON.

CAPITAL PAID-UP £800,000
RESERVE FUND £275,000
INTEREST ALLOWED ON CURRENT
ACCOUNTS at the rate of 2 per cent. per
annum on the Daily Balances.
On Fixed Deposits for 12 months 5 per cent.
" " " 6 " " 4 " "
" " " 3 " " 3 " "
A. C. MARSHALL,
Manager, Hongkong.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF
INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL £1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED £1,185,000
PAID-UP £668,500

RANKERS:
LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK, LIMITED.
INTEREST ALLOWED ON CURRENT
ACCOUNTS at the rate of 2 per cent.
per annum on the Daily Balances.

ON FIXED DEPOSITS:
For 12 Months 5 per cent.
" 6 " 4 " "
" 3 " 3 " "
JOHN THURBURN,
Manager, Hongkong.

THE BANK OF CHINA, JAPAN, AND
THE STRAITS, LIMITED.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL £2,000,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP £251,093.15.0

RANKERS:
CAPITAL & COUNTIES BANK, LIMITED.
HEAD OFFICE:
No. 3, PRINCE STREET, LONDON.

BRANCHES:
BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, HONGKONG AND
SHANGHAI.

AGENCIES:
PENANG, SINGAPORE AND YOKOHAMA.

RATES OF INTEREST:
ALLOWED ON CURRENT ACCOUNTS
and Fixed Deposits can be ascertained
on application.
Every description of Banking and Exchange
business transacted.

CHANTREY INCHBALD,
Manager.

Hongkong, 6th November, 1894.

THE NATIONAL BANK OF CHINA,
LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL £1,000,000
Subscribed Capital £500,000

HEAD OFFICE: HONGKONG.

Court of Directors:
D. Gillies, Esq., Chairman
H. Stollmeyer, Esq., Vice-Chairman
Chan Kit Shan, Esq., Secretary
Chief Manager,
GEO. W. F. PLAYFAIR.

Interest for 12 months Fixed, 5 per cent.
Hongkong, 23rd October, 1894.

Insurance.

THE
STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE
COMPANY

has a long record of GOOD SERVICES to
refer to: its FUNDS, annually increasing,
amount to £7,013,775. The premiums are
moderate; and all modern features consistent
with safety have been adopted.

For particulars and rates,
Apply to
DODWELL, CARLILL & Co.,
Agents.

Hongkong, 29th June, 1894.

GENERAL NOTICE.

THE ON TAI INSURANCE COMPANY,
(LIMITED).

CAPITAL, TAELS 600,000 } \$833,333.33
EQUAL TO }
RESERVE FUND } \$318,000.00

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
LEE SING, Esq., Chairman
LOU TEO SHUN, Esq., Secretary

MANAGER: HO AMEL

MARINE RISKS on GOODS, &c., taken
at CURRENT RATES in all parts of the
World.

HEAD OFFICE, 8 & 9, PRAYA WEST,
Hongkong, 17th December, 1894.

NOTICE.

THE MAN ON INSURANCE COMPANY,
LIMITED.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED £1,000,000

The above Company is prepared to accept
MARINE RISKS at CURRENT RATES on GOODS,
&c. Policies granted to all Parts of the world
payable at any of its Agencies.

CHAU TSEUNG FAT,
Secretary.

HEAD OFFICE,
No. 2, QUEEN'S ROAD WEST.

Pharmaceutical.

CATHAY CHAPTER,

No. 1165.

AN EMERGENCY CONVOCATION of the
above CHAPTER will be held in the
FARMER'S HALL, Zealand Street, on MON-
DAY, the 15th inst., at 8.30 p.m. precisely.
Visiting Comrades are cordially invited.

Intimations.

BANK HOLIDAY.
IN accordance with Ordinance No. 6 of 1895
the Undermentioned BANKS will be
CLOSED for the Transaction of Public Business
on MONDAY, the 15th instant (EASTER
MONDAY):—

For the CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA,
AUSTRALIA AND CHINA,
A. C. MARSHALL,
Manager, Hongkong.

For the HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING
CORPORATION,
T. JACKSON,
Chief Manager.

For the NATIONAL BANK OF CHINA,
LIMITED,
A. BABINGTON,
for Chief Manager.

For the MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA,
LIMITED,
JOHN THURBURN,
Manager, Hongkong.

For the BANQUE DE L'INDO-CHINE,
Hongkong Agency,
EMILE MAYER,
Manager.

For the BANK OF CHINA, JAPAN, AND THE
STRAITS, LIMITED, HONGKONG,
CHANTREY INCHBALD,
Manager.

Hongkong, 13th April 1895.

INSURANCE HOLIDAY.

THE UNDERMENTIONED INSURANCE
OFFICES will be CLOSED for the
Transaction of Public Business on MONDAY,
the 15th instant (EASTER MONDAY):—

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO.,
General Agents,
CANTON INSURANCE OFFICE, LD.

General Managers,
HONGKONG FIRE INSURANCE CO., LD.

DOUGLAS JONES,
Acting Secretary,
UNION INSURANCE SOCIETY OF
CANTON, LD.

W. H. PERCIVAL,
Agent,
NORTH CHINA INSURANCE CO., LD.

W. H. RAY,
Secretary,
CHINA TRADERS' INSURANCE CO., LD.

SHEWAN & CO.,
Agents,
YANGTSE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION, LD.

JAMES B. COUGHTRIE,
Secretary,
CHINA FIRE INSURANCE CO., LD.

WM. MACBEAN,
Manager,
THE STRAITS INSURANCE CO., LD.

Hongkong, 13th April, 1895.

HONGKONG RIFLE ASSOCIATION.

THE ANNUAL MEETING will be con-
vened at 9 o'clock.

The following are the Competitions:—

1.—ALL COMERS—200 yards, 10 Prizes.

2.—M. H. CARBINE—200 yards, 4 Prizes.

3.—QUEEN'S 1ST STAGE—200 yards, 4 Prizes.

4.—LADIES' TOURNAMENT—100 yards, 8 Prizes.

5.—ASSOCIATION—200 yards, 5 Prizes.

6.—M. H. CARBINE—500 yards, 4 Prizes.

7.—ALL COMERS—500 yards, 10 Prizes.

8.—QUEEN'S 1ST STAGE—500 yards, 4 Prizes.

9.—QUEEN'S 2ND STAGE—500 yards, 5 Prizes.

10.—QUEEN'S 1ST STAGE—600 yards, 4 Prizes.

11.—QUEEN'S 2ND STAGE—600 yards, 4 Prizes.

12.—ALL COMERS—600 yards, 7 Prizes.

13.—QUEEN'S 3RD STAGE—600 yards, 4 Prizes.

14.—QUEEN'S 3RD STAGE—600 yards, 4 Prizes.

15.—QUEEN'S 1ST STAGE AGGREGATE.

16.—CARBINE AGGREGATE.

17.—NURSERY AGGREGATE.

18.—QUEEN'S 2ND STAGE AGGREGATE.

19.—ASSOCIATION—800 and 900 yards, 3 Prizes.

20.—QUEEN'S 3RD STAGE AGGREGATE.

21.—QUEEN'S AGGREGATE—11 Prizes.

22.—LADIES' COMPETITION—8 Prizes.

POOL Open to All Comers, 300 yards; 20
Cents a Shot, 70 per cent. returned for Bulls.

Hongkong, 13th April, 1895.

CANTON INSURANCE OFFICE, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO CONTRIBUTORS.

A BONUS OF TWENTY PER CENT.
upon CONTRIBUTIONS for the year
1894, has this Day been DECLARED. WAR-
RANTS will be issued on the 23rd instant.

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.,
General Agents,
Canton Insurance Office, Limited.

Hongkong, 6th April, 1895.

WANTED.

A PIANIST for the PRAYA EAST HOTEL.

Apply to the PROPRIETOR on the Premises,
Nos. 38 & 39, PRAYA EAST.

Hongkong, 10th April, 1895.

Intimations.

BELL'S ASBESTOS EASTERN
AGENCY, LIMITED.
28, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.



ASBESTOS PACKINGS of every description.
ASBESTOS SHEETS, MILLBOARDS, CANVAS, &c.
ASBESTOS COMPOSITION for COVERING BOILERS and STEAM PIPES.
CANVAS CORE PACKING (Tuck Form). SPECIAL ENGINE and CYLINDER OILS.
ASBESTOLINE, the most economical lubricant.
ALL GOODS BEARING TRADE MARK GUARANTEED.

Hongkong, 25th February, 1895.

CHEAP EDITIONS OF NEW AND POPULAR NOVELS NOW ON HAND

AT

KELLY & WALSH, LD.

ROUND THE RED LAMP, BY CONAN
DOYLE.
A Yellow Aster, by Iota.

D-reen, the Story of a Singer, by Edna Lyall.

Perlycross, a tale of the Western Hills, by
Blackmore.

Highland Cousins, by William Black.

My Lady Roths, by Stanley Weyman.

The Sign of Four, by Conan Doyle.

The Little Minister, by J. M. Barrie.

Micah Clarke: His Statement, by Conan Doyle.

The White Company, by Conan Doyle.

A Superfluous Woman: A New Sensational Novel.

KELLY & WALSH, LIMITED.

Hongkong, 2nd April, 1895.

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.

SHIPCHANDLERS, SAIL-MAKERS, &c.

SUPPLIES OF ALL KINDS OF
SHIP AND ENGINE STORES
OF BEST BRANDS.

AGENTS FOR:—

HOLZAPFEL'S INTERNATIONAL COMPOSITION FOR SHIPS' BOTTOMS.

PURE FRESH WATER SUPPLIED.

Hongkong, 5th March, 1895.

THE CLUB HOTEL

5, BUND, YOKOHAMA.

FIRST-CLASS HOTELS, centrally situated, well-furnished, the Cuisine under the Super-
vision of approved French Chef has no equal. ENTIRE FOREIGN MANAGEMENT.
Experienced English matron in attendance.

The Hotel steam-launch with European Agent attends arrivals and departures; every
assistance given in clearing luggage and affording information. Passengers are met at the
Railway Station.

VISITORS have the option of mooring either in TOKYO or YOKOHAMA, without extra
charge:—THE ONLY HOTEL OFFERING SUCH AN ADVANTAGE. EUROPEAN HAIR-DRESSER
on the Premises.

Certified Guides are in attendance at both Hotels.

THE CLUB HOTEL COMPANY, LIMITED, PROPRIETORS.

C. T. BENNEY, Manager, YOKOHAMA.

L. DEWETTE, Manager, TOKYO.

HONGKONG HOTEL.

TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS,

"KREMLIN".

A. B. C. Code.

TELEPHONE,

No. 32.

BOARD AND LODGING

FROM \$4.00 PER DAY.

HYDRAULIC LIFT TO ALL FLOORS.

The HOTEL STEAM LAUNCH Conveys PASSENGERS and BAGGAGES to and from all

MAIL STEAMERS.

E. J. RICHARDSON,
MANAGER.

Hongkong, 21st January, 1895.

TO SHIPMASTERS.

STEAM WATER-BOT COMPANY.

THE Underigned are prepared to SUPPLY
FRESH FILTERED WATER for both DECK
and BOILERS.

The only Company in Hongkong exclusively
supplying FILTERED WATER.

Despatch Guaranteed. Call Flag "W."

J. W. KEW & Co.,
18, PRAYA CENTRAL.

Hongkong, 17th November, 1894.

Intimations.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF
HONGKONG.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

IN THE MATTER OF WILLIAM HOWELL
FORBES and CHARLES ALEXANDER
TOMES, BANKRUPTS.

NOTICE is hereby given that a MEETING
of CREDITORS of WILLIAM HOWELL
FORBES and CHARLES ALEXANDER TOMES will
be held before the JUDICIAL REGISTER of the
said Court on FRIDAY, the 26th day of April,
1895, at 12 of the clock at NOON precisely, for
the purpose of Declaring a Second Dividend.

CREDITORS who have not yet proved must
do so on or before the said 26th day of April,
1895.

C. F. A. SANGSTER,
Acting Registrar
and Official Assignee.

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NOTICE.

A SPECIAL SESSIONS of H.R.
MAJESTY'S JUSTICES OF THE PEACE
will be held in the JUSTICES' ROOM, at the
MAGISTRACY, at Eleven o'clock in the Forenoon
of WEDNESDAY, the 17th day of April, A.D.
1895, for the purpose of considering an applica-
tion from one ISRAEL WEINBERG, for the
Transfer of his Publican's Licence to Sell and
Retail Intoxicating Liquors on the Premises
situated at Houses Nos. 90 and 91, Queen's Road
West, under the sign of THE WESTERN HOTEL
to one MAX GOLDBERG.

W. C. H. HASTINGS,
Acting Police Magistrate.

Magistrate,
Hongkong, 5th April, 1895.

CANTON DISTRICT.

LOCAL NOTICE TO MARINERS,
No. 51.

NAVIGATION OF THE CANTON RIVER.

FROM motives of DEFENCE, the Provincial
Authorities have DECIDED to INTER-
DICT, for the present, the NAVIGATION of
the CANTON RIVER at NIGHT.

J. H. MAY,
Harbour Master.

Approved,
E. PARAGO,
Commissioner of Customs.

Custom House,
Canton, 8th April, 1895.

SHANGHAI RACES.

RETURN TICKETS (FIRST SALOON) for
available for ONE MONTH from date of issue.

FARE\$60.

A. WOOLFEY,
Acting Superintendent,
Peninsular & Oriental S. N. Co.

C. TOWNHAIR,
Acting Agent,
Messageries Maritimes Co.

Messrs. MELCHERS & Co.,
Agents,
North German Lloyd.

Hongkong, 8th April, 1895.

Amusements.

THEATRE ROYAL,

CITY HALL.

THE HONGKONG AMATEUR
DRAMATIC CLUB

WILL PRODUCE
ON
WEDNESDAY, THE 17TH APRIL,

SATURDAY, THE 20TH APRIL,

"THE MAGISTRATE,"
A FARCE IN THREE ACTS.

BY
A. W. PINERO.

Doors Open at 8.30 P.M.
Performance at 9.00 P.M. precisely.

TICKETS can be Booked at the TICKET
OFFICE, City Hall, on and after SATURDAY,
the 14th April, between the hours of 10 A.M. and 5
P.M.

Not more than 4 Seats can be taken at one
Booking.

LATE TRAM a quarter-of-an-hour after the fall
of the Curtain.

Hongkong, 5th April, 1895.

Shipping.

STEAMERS.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S STEAM NAVA-
TION COMPANY.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN
GOVERNMENT.

STEAM TO SHANGHAI AND KOBE.

THE Company's Steamship

"MELPOMENE,"

Captain E. Mearns, will leave for the above
places on or about WEDNESDAY, the 17th
instant.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
SANDER & Co.,
Agents.

Hongkong, 10th April, 1895.

"GLEN" LINE OF STEAM PACKETS.

FOR LONDON, VIA SUEZ CANAL.

THE Steamship

"GLENHARRY,"

Captain Ferguson, will be despatched as above
on or about the 23rd instant.

This Steamship has Superior Accommodation for
Passengers, and carries a Doctor and Stewardess.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.,
Agents.

Hongkong, 9th April, 1895.

Shipping.

STEAMERS.

INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION
COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR SINGAPORE, PENANG AND
CALCUTTA.

THE Company's Steamship

"CHELYDRA,"

Captain R. Cass, will be despatched as above
on TUESDAY, the 16th instant, at Noon.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.,
General Managers.

Hongkong, 11th April, 1895.

CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY,
LIMITED.

FOR TIENTSIN.

THE Steamship

"KWEIYANG,"

Captain Dawson, will be despatched on TUES-
DAY, the 16th instant.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,
Agents.

Hongkong, 9th April, 1895.

CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY,
LIMITED.

FOR MANILA.

THE Steamship

"SINGKIANG,"

Captain C. R. N. Dodd, will be despatched on
TUESDAY, the 16th instant.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,
Agents.

Hongkong, 11th April, 1895.

FOR SINGAPORE, PENANG AND
CALCUTTA.

THE Steamship

Advertisements.

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.
FOR SWATOW.
THE Company's Steamship

"HAITAN."
Captain Goddard, will be despatched for the above Port on TUESDAY, the 16th instant, at Daylight.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
DOUGLAS, LARRAIK & Co.,
General Managers.
Hongkong, 13th April, 1895. [48]

CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR YOKOHAMA AND KOBE.

"TAIYUAN."
Captain Nelson, will be despatched on TUESDAY, the 16th instant, at Daylight.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,
Agents.
Hongkong, 13th April, 1895. [473]

CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR PORT DARWIN, QUEENSLAND PORTS, SYDNEY AND MELBOURNE.

THE Company's Steamship

"CHANGSHA."
O. Anderson, Commander, will be despatched on WEDNESDAY, the 17th instant, at 3 P.M.

The attention of Passengers is directed to the Superior Accommodation offered by this Steamer. First-class Saloon is situated forward of the Engine. A Refrigerating Chamber ensures the Supply of Fresh Provisions during the entire voyage.

A duly qualified Surgeon is carried and the Vessel is fitted throughout with Electric Light.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,
Agents.
Hongkong, 13th April, 1895. [443]

"STRATH" LINE OF STEAMERS.

FOR NEW YORK, VIA SUEZ CANAL.

THE Steamship

"STRATHCARRON."
Captain Spitt, will be despatched for the above Port on WEDNESDAY, the 14th instant, instead of as previously advertised.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
DODWELL, CARLILL & Co.,
Agents.
Hongkong, 13th April, 1895. [347]

Intimations.

DAKIN, CRUICKSHANK & COMPANY, LIMITED.
VICTORIA DISPENSARY.

COLDS IN THE HEAD, &c.

BURROUGHS WELLCOME & Co.'s

PINOL EUCALYPTIA INHALERS.

Catarrh and all disorders of the Nasal Passages and Nasopharyngeal membranes.

Price\$1.25.

EUCALYPTUS OIL.

A STANDARD REMEDY FOR COLDS.

Sprinkled on the handkerchief and over the breast of the night clothing it gives almost instant relief.

Bottles\$1.00 and 50 Cents.

DAKIN, CRUICKSHANK & Co., Ltd.,
VICTORIA DISPENSARY.

Hongkong, 13th January, 1895. [27]

A. S. WATSON & CO., LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1841.

WINES AND SPIRITS.

ALL these are Selected by our London

House, bought direct at first hand,

Imported in Wood and Bottled by ourselves,

thus saving all intermediate profits and enabling us to supply the best growths at moderate prices.

PRICE LISTS, WITH FULL DETAILS, TO BE HAD ON APPLICATION.

PORT—After removal should be rested a month before use. When required for drinking at once it should be ordered to be decanted at the Dispensary before being sent out.

SHERRY—Excellent dinner and after dinner Wines, of very superior vintage. All are true Xeres Wines.

CLARET—Our Claret, including the lowest priced, are guaranteed to be the genuine product of the juice of the grape and are not artificially made from raisins and currents, as is generally the case with Cheap Wines.

BRANDY—All our Brandy is guaranteed to be pure Cognac, the difference in price being merely a question of age and vintage.

WHISKY—All our Whisky is of excellent quality and of greater age than most brands in the market. The Scotch Whisky marked "E" is universally popular and is pronounced by the best local connoisseurs to be superior to any other brand in the Hongkong Market.

We only guarantee our Wines and Spirits to be genuine when bought direct from us in the Colony or from our authorized Agents at the Coast Ports.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LD.

THE HONGKONG DISPENSARY.

Hongkong, 9th January, 1895. [1]

BIRTH.
On the 12th instant, at 27, Caine Road, the wife of M. A. A. SOUZA, of a son.

The Hongkong Telegraph

HONGKONG, SATURDAY, APRIL 13, 1895.

THE GOVERNMENT AND THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

With a lack of discretion which has been visible in more than one instance since the Colony lost the services of Sir THOMAS O'BRIEN as Colonial Secretary, the Government has plunged itself into a recriminatory correspondence with the Chamber of Commerce on the subject of the recent strike, and seems likely to get very decidedly the worst of it.

We publish below a letter from the Chamber to the Colonial Secretary in reply to his letter of the 2nd instant, (which appeared in print the same day) charging the mercantile community generally with having failed in its duty in not supporting the Government in its efforts to suppress the recent strike and with having, in particular, neglected to make use of means at their disposal to coerce the strikers, by enforcing their contracts with their comrades, or setting aside their comrades, and hiring labour when it was offered from other sources. This letter assumed as facts, that the firms had agreements with their comrades which they could have enforced, and further, that others were willing to act and had offered to supply any number of coolies required at ordinary rates, on certain conditions which the merchants might have, and ought to have accepted.

The Chamber of Commerce circulated this letter to twelve firms and then forwarded the replies received for the information of the Government. We are unable to publish these letters this evening, but will do so on Monday. They are somewhat lengthy and came in rather late for publication in this issue. They seem to us to fully justify the letter of the Chamber to the Colonial Secretary, and we can only express our concurrence with the last part of that letter. We are sorry that His Excellency the Governor has, apparently, been injudiciously advised on this important subject.

THE GOVERNMENT AND THE SANITARY BOARD.

His Excellency seems to be equally ill advised in his dealings with the Sanitary Board. If the Acting Attorney General was correctly reported as having stated, at the last meeting of the Legislative Council, that the Health Officer about to be appointed under the powers asked for by the Governor from the Council, is not to be under the orders of the Sanitary Board, the death-knell of the Board has sounded.

Under the control of the Board, with the water supply under the management of a junior officer of the same department, and now a Medical Officer of Health, with all the duties and responsibilities belonging to that office to be exercised by him on his own responsibility or simply under instructions from the Government direct, there is little left for the Sanitary Board to do but look after the sweepers and the dust cartmen.

Let the Governor either entrust the Board with full powers to provide for the sanitation of the Colony, or, honestly say that he means to do away with it, by hook or by crook, and to restore to the civil servants of the Government the management of matters sanitary as fully and as completely as they had them—and mismanaged them—before the advent of the Board.

THE CHAMBERS LETTER.

The following is the full text of the letter referred to—

10th April, 1895.

SIR—I am instructed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 2nd instant and to inform you that by request of the Committee I forwarded a copy of it to the Firms in the colony connected with shipping with the accompanying letter, and I have now the honour to enclose replies from the following, namely:

Messrs. Arnhold, Karberg & Co.

" Butterfield & Swire.

" Dodwell, Carlill & Co.

" Gibb Livingston & Co.

" Jardine, Matheson & Co.

" Alf. Woolley, Esq.

Messrs. Melchers & Co.

" Meyer & Co.

" Siemens & Co.

" Shewan & Co.

" Mitsui Bussan Kaisha.

" D. E. Brown, Esq.

The Committee are of opinion that a perusal of these letters will remove any doubt which may exist as to the general inaccuracy of the information upon which your letter appears to have been written, and serve to refute statements (1) (2) (3) and (4) of your favour under reply.

The Committee cannot concur in the opinion that the leading Firms had it in their power to put an end to the strike by the adoption of the means enumerated in your letter and they do not know upon what grounds these Firms can be charged with any desire to cast the entire responsibility of ending the labour strike on the Government.

The exact contrary seems to be the fact, for the whole community without exception were anxious to assist the Government by every possible means to bring to a termination, as speedily as possible, a state of affairs which to the shipping and local interest was extremely costly.

In conclusion, and with special reference to the last paragraph of your letter, the Committee must with regret regret the charges of inactivity directed in your letter against members of the community, and they consider it contrary to the public interest that in a serious labour crisis a spirit of discord should be introduced, where instead moderation of language and calm judgment are eminently required.

I have the honour to be, Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

F. HENDERSON,

Secretary.

The Honourable J. H. Stewart Lockhart,

Colonial Secretary.

TELEGRAMS.

THE BRITISH STEAMER "YIKSANG" SEIZED BY THE JAPANESE.
LONDON, April 12th.

The Japanese have seized the British steamer *Yiksang*, bound from Shanghai for Tientsin, in the Gulf of Pechili, and have conveyed her to Port Arthur on account of contraband of war, in the shape of cartridges, having been found amongst her cargo.

THE PEACE NEGOTIATIONS.

The Japanese war party is obstructing the negotiations for peace.

THE NEW SPEAKER.

Mr. Wm. Court Gully, Q.C., has been elected speaker of the House of Commons by a majority of eleven. The opposition proposed the Right Hon. Sir Markham Watley Ridley.

ADJOURNMENT OF PARLIAMENT.

The House of Commons has adjourned till the 22nd instant.

AFFAIRS IN KAFIRISTAN.

April 12th.

Um'a Khan's following is gradually forsaking him, and it is believed that he himself is preparing for flight. In the meantime the British force from Gilet is rapidly advancing, undeterred by the terrific weather. Lieut. Gordon was killed in the attack on Chitral last month.

THE SCHEME FOR THE EXTENSION OF NAVAL WORKS.

The present year's scheme for the extension of Naval Works does not comprise any works at Hongkong.

(Special to N. C. Daily News.)

NEW CHINESE EMBASSY.

TOKIO, April 7th.

Li Chin-fong (Lord Li), who accompanied Li Hong-chang to Shimonoseki, has been appointed Plenipotentiary, and has been formally acknowledged by the Japanese Government.

THE DEFENCES OF CHILLY.

TIENTSIN, April 7th.

The defence of the Chilly coast south of the Taku forts has been entrusted to General T'ao K'ie-chang, a native of Tientsin and the commander of the Tientsin militia, and the coast north of those forts up to the vicinity of Shanhai-kuan will be defended by General Nieh Shih-ch'ang and his army. Generals Chiang Wang-ping and Tung Fei-ang, Provincial Commanders-in-Chief of Fukien and Kiangsi, respectively, with their armies, will constitute the relieving force of the army south and south of the Taku forts, while those forts themselves and the Peking river will be defended by General Lo Yang-bung, of Taku, and Admiral Cheng. The third line of defence will be the Imperial Guards and the Peking Field Force—all Manchus.

THE MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

PARIS, April 4th.

The Convention with the Messageries Maritimes has been renewed.

THE CZAREWITCH.

The health of the Czaritch has improved since he arrived in Algiers.

We have been courteously furnished with the following telegraphic information by Mr. A. G. Romanoff, Consul General for Portugal at this port—

Colonial Secretary

Macao, 13. 4. 95

Consul General for Portugal, Hongkong.

There is no epidemic of plague in Macao; only sporadic cases of plague.

Chinese residents have not been affected; but Chinese passengers arriving here, chiefly from Canton, have developed the disease.

Yesterday a Chinaman, who came over from Hongkong the day before yesterday, showed symptoms of the bubonic plague.

The Government have taken every possible precaution, and have erected a pest-house for use in the event of an epidemic. In the event of an epidemic you will be promptly informed.

(From the foregoing it appears evident that there are several persons in Macao suffering from bubonic plague, and that the plague may, at the present time, be considered epidemic at Canton.—Ed. H.K.T.)

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO MARINERS.

The following has been forwarded to me for publication—

PARBOUR OFFICE, Hongkong, 13th April, 1895.

The following telegram has been received from the Coast Inspector, Shanghai:

"Please inform vessels Feima Channel unsafe."

R. MURRAY RUMNEY, Ret. Com. R.N., Harbour Master, &c.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

The Government Offices, Banks and Insurance Offices will be closed on Monday.

SPECIAL Easter Services will be held at the Union Church to-morrow, the 14th instant.

The British cruiser *Undaunted*, Captain Hallifax, arrived here this morning from Cheloo.

The British cruiser *Seymour*, Capt. Henderson, arrived here this afternoon from Taku (Formosa).

The British cruiser *Edouard* arrived here yesterday from Cheloo. She made the run down from port to port, under four days.

BROADWOOD PIANOS at W. Robinson & Co.

The rumours of another coolie strike are a natural sequence of the recent deadlock, and are no doubt well founded. It is, however, to be regretted that the coolie strike has been so long in coming.

As the Russian steamer *Wladimir* was leaving the water at this colony on Tuesday, a Russian steamer, who had been previously off-loading an officer, was hauled at the main yard-arm and buried at sea.

Mr. and Mrs. Bruce Shepherd left for London to-day by the *Manilla*.

Mr. A. H. Skelton, of Lane, Crawford & Co., left for London to-day by the *Manilla*.

The Captain Claye Ross, 14th Sikhs, who was recently killed in the Chitral was a prominent member of the Indian Staff Corps, and was lately a subaltern of the Gloucestershire Regiment.

The Mission steam-launch *Day Spring* will call alongside vessels holding code pennant C, between 9 and 10.30 a.m., on Sunday, to convey men ashore to the 11 o'clock service, returning about 12.30 p.m.

The Post Office will be closed on Easter Monday, except from 8 to 9 a.m. Correspondence for the Peak and Kowloon may be posted up to 9 a.m. The Night Box will be kept open, but the Money Order office will be closed entirely.

We hear that in reference to the 227 yards Flat Race at the V.R.C. sports, in which Mr. Kew and Lieut. Lysley, R.B., ran a dead-heat, the latter, owing to slight indisposition, has agreed that Mr. Kew shall take the first prize.

COLLARD & COLLARD PIANOS at W. Robinson & Co.

At a special parade on the Cricket Ground at 5.15 this afternoon Mrs. Barker, in the presence of His Excellency the Governor, presented the Queen's Colours to the two senior native officers of the Hongkong Regiment. Full report in another column.

The entries for the Shanghai Spring Meeting, which will be held on the 29th instant and two subsequent days, are more numerous than in any previous year. For the Griffin Plate there are 51 entries, while for the Shanghai Stakes no less than 99 ponies have been entered.

It is reported that telegraphic intelligence has been received from London to the effect that the present quotation for Hongkong and Shanghai Bank shares on the London Stock Exchange is 1/4. Locally this stock is quoted at 178 per cent. premium. "Steamboats" are now quoted at \$32.50. Bell's Asbestos scrip has gone up to \$10.50.

DETECTIVE Sergeant McIver had eighteen head coolies before Mr. Woodhouse at the Magistrate's this morning for failing to register their "dens." One was fined \$10 for giving the Detective so much trouble, and two, who have since been registered, were discharged; the remainder were remanded till the 18th instant to allow them time to reconsider the matter.

W. ROBINSON & Co., piano builders, tuners and repairers.

CHINA has produced three heroes in the present war, says a Japanese vernacular paper. The first was the Chinese general who committed suicide after the battle of Pyongyang; the second was Admiral Tsin, of undying fame; and third is Viceroy Li, who, despite his severe from his palanquin to his own rooms at the Taku, and has shown uncommon fortitude under most trying circumstances.

YESTERDAY (Good Friday) an old custom was well illustrated on board the Spanish war-ship *Retna Christina*. To symbolise the sorrowful event which the day commemorates, this ship was thrown into studied disorder. Her yards were cock-billed, the guns were depressed, sentries carried their arms reversed, flags were half-masted, and the ship's bell muffled with crape. The custom is still common on the ships of Roman Catholic countries, but only on a man-of-war does it assume a very striking appearance.

We understand that Acting Sergeant Williamson and a Chinese coolie at Lap-sap-wan station have been highly commended by the Governor and Captain Superintendent of Police for rescuing a Chinaman who jumped off Praya West, near Lap-sap-wan, at 9 a.m. on the 31st ultimo from a water-gate. The man, who was apparently dead when brought on shore, was restored to life by Acting Sergeant Williamson, who is a member of the St. John's Ambulance Corps. Each of the gallant men has received a gratuity of \$10 from the Government.

New Comic Song and Dance Albums at W. Robinson & Co.

The report of the proceedings at the annual meeting of the Finance Committee of the Alice Memorial and Netherlands Hospitals, held last Thursday, which will be found in another part of this issue, shows that these most useful and carefully managed institutions are unfortunately in debt and that therefore their doors are not thrown open to the poor as wide as they used to be. This is very regrettable, and we feel sure it is only necessary that the present state of affairs should be mentioned at once to lead to the burden of debt, happily not very great, being promptly removed by voluntary subscriptions.

NAPHEW, it has been suggested, did not mean in Henry the Eighth's time so strictly as it now does brother's or sister's son. It meant "nephew," kinsman of a younger generation.

New piano repairing machinery, received by W. Robinson & Co.

THOSE of us not yet 50 years of age have probably lived in the most important and intellectually progressive period of human history. Within this half-century the following inventions have been discovered or elaborated: Ocean steamships, railways, street tramways, telegraph lines, ocean cables, telephone, phonograph, photography and a score of new methods of picture making; aniline colours; kerosene oil; electric lights; steam fire engines; chemical surgery; gun cotton; nitro-glycerine; dynamite; and a host of other explosives; aluminium; magnesium; and other new metals; electric lighting; spectrum analysis; and the spectroscope; radiophone; pneumatic tubes, electric motors, electric railways; electric bells; typewriters; cheap hydraulic systems; steam heating; steam and hydraulic presses; ventilators; can crushers; bridges; and only a few out of the many physical contributions of planetary and stellar worlds have also been attained within this period.

Mr. T. A. RICKARD points out in a recent number of the *Engineering and Mining Journal* that Australia and New Zealand are far behind even the Transvaal in its methods of obtaining gold, the ancient processes of bye-gone days being still in use. Judging from recent discussions in Queensland and New South Wales, the Australians are beginning to realise this, and are considering the advisability of introducing new methods and processes.

FULL stock of banjos, mandolins, guitars, accordions, sitars and fittings of all kinds at W. Robinson & Co.

In summing up the lessons of the Naval War in the East, a writer in the *Pall Mall Gazette* says: "We have now to reckon with a new Power in the East, and a Power which success may be expected to render aggressive. The addition of four or five Chinese warships to the Japanese fleet makes it formidable, and it will be still further increased at an early date by the two large battleships of the *Renown* class, building at the Thames Ironworks, and by one or two torpedo submarines. In a word, the forecast of Mr. Pearson (*National Life and Character*) is already being fulfilled: the East, which is competing with the West in industrial production—as Lancashire knows to its cost, and as Yorkshire is just discovering—will now in some measure compete in military power. What effect will this have on our position in the China Sea? We are manifestly the Power most affected, as we have colonies and commerce in every quarter of the earth. We were paramount there yesterday, but our supremacy has passed away. The rise of Japan will in some measure alarm Australia if our descendants there have their eyes open. It may convert them to the necessity of giving us some more enthusiastic support in the maintenance of our fleet. Their policy is not only selfish but it is also foolish. They will be among the first to suffer if we are beaten, at sea. We know that in 1895 a descent upon Australia was planned, we will not say by whom. And do our colonies wish to see an Oriental Power dominant in Malaysia and the Pacific? So long as Japan uses her success with moderation we have no cause of quarrel with her. But in the bitterness against England there prevalent we see evil omens for the future. It is true that Japan now holds Russia in check. Had we been wise before the event we might now be the allies of Japan. Still, the actual course of events leads to an Anglo-Japan concentration, we shall not, on the whole, be sorry; otherwise it may bring us great harm.

PRESENTATION OF COLOURS TO THE HONGKONG REGIMENT.

On the Cricket Ground at 5.15 this afternoon the who's of the Hongkong Regiment, with the exception of the colour party, band and drummers, was drawn up in line, in open order, for the purpose of receiving the Queen's Colours from the hands of Mrs. Barker in the presence of His Excellency the Governor, who was in full uniform, Lieutenant General G. Doby Barker, Admiral Fremantle, Commodore Boyes, R.N., and a large concourse of spectators, which included all the leading European civilian, naval and military authorities.

Sharp at the hour fixed for the ceremony, the Governor and Lieutenant-General Barker, accompanied by Captain Sterling, A.D.C., and Captain Murray, A.D.C., arrived on the ground, the troops under the command of Colonel Barrow, presenting arms on their approach.

The regiment, 850 strong, was drawn up in line, as above stated, the place for the colour party being preserved by three non-commissioned officers. The Lieutenant of the colour party were the escort (the right company) and were under command of Captain Rattall, while the colour party, encased, were in the rear centre, in charge of two senior Colour Sergeants. After brief inspection the battalion was formed into three sides of a square facing Queen's Road. The drums were then piled, in the form of an altar, in the centre and the colours were brought up in charge and placed against the pile of drums. The Major (Viceroy Faithful) and Senior Lieutenant then took charge of the Queen's Colours; the senior Sergeant and next senior Sergeant taking charge of the regimental colours. These officers uncased the colours and replaced them against the drums. Thereupon the Right Reverend Bishop Burdon stepped forward and in the following prayer consecrated the colours: "Oh, Lord God Almighty; the God of battles, in whose hands are all majesty, power and might; mercifully grant that these ensigns of Thy servant, our gracious Sovereign Lady the Queen, may ever be borne with honour and glory in the service of our Sovereign Lady the Queen. Grant that they may be ever defended with valour, fidelity and devotion even unto death, and above all, God, all merciful and almighty, grant that they be ever upheld in the cause of justice and freedom and in accordance with Thy divine will. We beseech Thee, Oh Lord God, to bless and sanctify these standards and in Thy holy name we commit them to the protection of these, the soldiers of Thy servant Victoria.—Amen."

Then a native priest, one Moulvie, stepped forward and blessed the colours.

The consecration over, the Queen's Colours were handed to Mrs. Barker, and the latter, in accordance with the Army Regulations, received the colours while resting on his right knee. The regimental colours were in like manner handed by the next senior officer and received back by the second senior native officer. Both native officers then got up, and His Excellency the Governor addressed the Regiment.

His Excellency said—COLONEL BARROW, OFFICERS AND MEN OF THE HONGKONG REGIMENT—As the Representative in this Colony of Her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen of Great Britain and Ireland, and Empress of India, the duty devolves upon me of presenting to you the Colours of your Regiment, which have been handed to you by the wife of your gallant General.

Her Majesty our Queen and Empress entrusts these Colours with confidence to your care and protection.

Remember that the honour of this corps is bound up with the honour of every man in it. If any man disgraces himself, he disgraces his Regiment and his flag. By your discipline in time of peace, and by your valour in time of war, prove yourselves worthy to serve under the British flag.

The continuity of Hongkong is proud of you, and feels sure that you will hand down these colours untarnished to your successors.

They are a glorious inheritance. Cherish them! Guard them! Fight for them, and, like brave soldiers, if the necessity should arise, which God forbid, shed your blood in defence of them!

GOD SAVE OUR QUEEN.

MRS. BARKER, in handing the colours to a native Colour Sergeant, said—I hand these colours through you into the keeping of the Hongkong Regiment in the full assurance that they will ever be jealously guarded and loyally defended by this, the youngest, but one of the finest of the Regiments of the Queen's Empire.

HONGKONG RIFLE ASSOCIATION.

THIRTIETH PRIZE MEETING.

First Day, April 12th.

President:—

H. E. WOODHOUSE, Esq., C.M.G.

Committee:—

A. H. Brazzard, Esq., R.M.L.I.; C. Ford, Esq.; Capt. Gillies, Esq., Major G.K. Moore, A.P.D.; Capt. Palmer, D.A.C.G.O.; Capt. Retallick, H.K.R.; E. Robinson, Esq.; E. C. Shepherd, Esq.; F. Smyth, Esq.; W. Stewart, Esq.; Inspector A. Watson; Major Wrottesley, R.E.

Treasurer:—

Captain PALMER, O.S.D.

Hon. Secretary:—

Major G. K. MOORE, A.P.D.

Asst. Hon. Secretary:—

Inspector MANN.

This, the thirtieth prize meeting of this young and popular Association, commenced yesterday under very unfavourable climatic conditions, but as the day wore on the haze and mist cleared off and by noon the sun was shining brightly on the busy scene.

A strong north-east breeze accounted for a good deal of the marksmanship yesterday forenoon, but during the afternoon and to-day there was marked improvement in the shooting generally.

It is worthy of note that this year the entries were double as numerous as in previous years, and the representatives of the Rifle Brigade and "Our Very Own" regiment gave an excellent account of themselves.

As to the shooting, a few remarks may not be out of place. It is difficult, at the present time, to name the successful prize winners, because the inevitable "uncertainty" has a nasty habit of predominating. Take, for instance, Private Piddal, R.B., who made 41 out of a possible 50 at the Queen's 3rd stage, distance 800 yards. He made seven "bulls," two "inners" and one "miss." Now, this was good shooting; but at the 900 yards range he unfortunately fell to pieces. The best score of the day was 94, out of a possible 100, made by Colonel Sergeant Hopkins, R.B. The others who made a good stand were Major Wrottesley, R.E., Lieut. Webber, R.E., Inspector Mann, Inspector Buttle, Acting Inspector Gillies, Sergeant Shearing, R.B., and Private Godber, R.B.

The proceedings went off without the slightest hitch, and great credit is due to Mr. H. E. Woodhouse (President) who was ubiquitous, Capt. Palmer (Treasurer), Capt. Retallick, H.K.R., Major Moore, the indefatigable Hon. Sec., and Inspector Mann, the Assistant Hon. Sec., who worked throughout like Trojans, never appearing to feel the fatigue inseparable from the superintendence of a prize meeting of this kind.

The Rifle supplied in the Club tent was, as usual, all that the most fastidious could desire, and even our representative, who, of course, lives on the fat of the land, was unable to find in the stands and general management a single article of "food for reflection." So note it be!

The following are yesterday's best scores:—
All Corners—Distance 200 yards. No. of Shots—Seven. Unlimited entries, 30 cents each. Ten prizes, value \$45.

St. Shearing, R.B. 33
Pr. Godber, R.B. 33
Inspector Mann 32

Queen's 1st Stage—Distance 500 yards. Members only. No. of Shots—Seven. Entrance 50 cents. Four prizes, value 70 per cent. of the entries with \$10 added.

C. S. Hopkins, R.B. 94
All Corners—Distance 600 yards. No. of Shots—Seven. Unlimited entries, 30 cents each. Seven prizes; value 70 per cent. of the entries.

Malib Ali, H.K.R. 32
Pool—OPEN TO ALL CORNERS.
500 yards. 20 cents each shot.

The Entrance Money for Pool (less 25 per cent.) will be divided daily.

Lieut. Webber, R.E. 31
Martini-Henry Carbine Competition—Distance 200 yards. Members only. No. of Shots—Seven. Entrance 50 cents. Five prizes, value 70 per cent. of the entries with \$10 added.

Mr. Shepherd 28
Association—800 yards. Members only. No. of Shots—Five at each range. Unlimited entries 30 cents each. Prizes 70 per cent. of entries for highest aggregate scores. Best scores at each distance to count towards aggregate. Three prizes.

Capt. Palmer, O.S.D. 23
Martini-Henry Carbine Competition—Distance 500 yards. Members only. No. of Shots—Seven. Entrance 50 cents. Four prizes value 70 per cent. of the entries with \$10 added.

Inspector Buttle 23
Second Day, SATURDAY, APRIL 13TH.

The following are the best scores received up to the hour of going to press:—
All Corners—Distance 200 yards.

Lieut. Webber 34
Inspector Mann 33
Queen's Aggregate: Cup presented by Vice-Admiral Fremantle.

Lieut. Nooy 276
Queen's Aggregate: Cup presented by Lieut. General Barker.

Sergeant Noremman 262
The N.R.A. Silver Medal will be presented to the Members making the highest aggregate in the Queen's with Martini-Henry Rifle.

The winner of a National Rifle Association silver or bronze medal or medals shall be entitled to compete at the Prize Meeting of the National Rifle Association for the Royal Highness the Prince of Wales' Prize in respect of each medal won by him, but he cannot compete more than once in each year.

P. C. 72 Macdonald won the medal.

LEGAL AFFAIRS.

COMMON LAW TRADE MARKS.

From the *Law Magazine and Review* for February we take the following two cases dealing with what Mr. Fulton in his *Practical Treatise on Patents, Trade Marks and Designs* (Jordan and Sons, 1894) calls "Common Law Trade Marks," though he attributes the origin of the expression to Lord Justice Lindley, are those of *Reddaway v. Banham*, and *Reddaway v. Banham Spinning Company*. The former is the most recent case, and there the question was as to the right of the defendant to use the term "camel-hair" as descriptive of certain hosiery which he manufactured. The Court of Appeal held that the defendant had such a right. A man might call the goods he was selling by the name by which anyone wanting the goods would, in ordinary course, call them in any market in which he wanted to buy or sell them, although, in so doing,

he called them by the name by which the person who complained had called his goods in a market, until, to that market, it was no more taken in than his goods alone. The goods manufactured by the person who offered, however, must be correctly described, and if the "camel-hair" was the case here, and if it is a correct description, an injunction to restrict the use of the term "camel-hair" will not issue. On the other hand, if, as in the case of *Reddaway v. Banham Spinning Company*, the selling is not made, even principally, of camels' hair, then to describe it as camel's hair is not an accurate description, but simply a fancy name.

A TRADE MARK CASE.

Important judgment was given recently by Mr. Justice North, who granted an injunction against the lessee of a certain West End Restaurant, restraining him from supplying in Lea and Perrins' bottles any sauce not made by that firm. The practice of refilling the bottles of well-known makers, with other than the genuine article is too common in restaurants, and the public will have to protect itself by asking for the article by name, and informing the manufacturer in case an inferior article is substituted.

SHIPPING AND MAIL NEWS.

MAILS DUE:

Indian (Kutong) 16th inst.
French (Natal) 17th inst.
Tacoma (Victoria) 20th inst.
American (China) 21st inst.
American (Belgia) 28th inst.
Tacoma (Tacoma) 3rd prox.
Australian (Tahiti) 4th prox.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s steamer *Canton* left Singapore for this port at 6 a.m. to-day.

THE Nippon Yusen Kaisha's chartered steamer *Orion* left Tutuila for this port on the 11th inst., and may be expected here on the 29th inst.

THE China Merchant S. N. Co.'s steamer *Fushun* is due here on about Monday next from Shanghai. She will call here en route to Canton.

THE China Navigation Co.'s steamship *Taiwan*, from Australia, left Sydney for this port on the 12th inst., and is due here on or about the 4th prox.

THE Mutual Line steamship *Chingwa* is due at Singapore on or about the 10th prox. from Glasgow and Liverpool. She will call here en route to Shanghai, Kobe and Yokohama.

THE Canadian Pacific Railway Co.'s steamship *Empress of China* arrived at Shanghai at 10 p.m. yesterday, and left again at noon to-day for Nagasaki, where she is due at 6 p.m. to-morrow.

TO-DAY'S SHIPPING RETURNS.

Inward.

Achilles (steamer) from Singapore.
Polya (steamer) " " Chinkiang.
Phra Nang (steamer) " " Canton.
Tam (steamer) " " Bangkok.
Undaunted (steamer) (Glasgow) " " Amoy.
Seven (steamer) " " Telok.
Eleanor (yacht) " " Manila.

Outward.

Canton (steamer) for Canton.
Pekin (steamer) " " Amoy, etc.
Ezra (steamer) " " Saigon.
Duxler (steamer) " " Bangkok.
Thales (steamer) " " Swatow.
Ancona (steamer) " " Nagasaki.
Harbor (steamer) " " Shanghai.

Aggregating 9,705 tons register.

The British steamship *Rosary* left Chinkiang on the 6th inst., and had light moonson and fine weather.

The British steamship *Manila* left Amoy on the 11th inst., and had fine weather with light north-easterly winds.

The British steamship *Phra Nang*, from Bangkok, left Koh-chang on the 7th inst., and had moderate north-east winds to Pulo Obi; thence to port had moderate to fresh north-east winds with hazy weather.

Messrs. Siemssen & Co. courteously forward a copy of the following wire:—
Shanghai, 13th April.
"Feima Channel blocked."

HONGKONG AND WHAMPOA DOCK RETURNS.

Queros (steamer) in Kowloon Dock.
Tam (steamer) " " " "
Phra Nang (steamer) " " " "
Wolff (gunboat) " " " "
Manila (transport) " " " "
Phra Nang (steamer) " " " "
Changsha (steamer) " " " "
Changsha (steamer) " " " "
Changsha (steamer) " " " "
Changsha (steamer) " " " "

The American yacht *Eleanor*, Captain C. W. Scott, arrived here this morning from Manila and anchored in Wanchai Bay. The vessel is owned by Mr. Slater, of New London, Connecticut, and will leave for China coast ports and Japan in a few days. Mr. and Mrs. Slater and family and a party of friends, numbering fourteen in all, are on a voyage round the world, on sport and pleasure.

Mr. Slater, though a young man, is heir to a large fortune, and is reputed to be wealthy. Being known in his own country as a public-spirited and philanthropic gentleman, his father being the donor of the well-known Slater Fund and founder of the college for freed negroes.

Leaving New London on the 27th October last, the party called at the Fey Islands, proceeding thence to Marcellus, and from there the course have been Marcellus to Canaan, Canaan to Lagnon, Lagnon to Naples, Naples to Messina, Messina to Port Said, Port Said to Perim, Perim to Aden and from there to Bombay, where at a regatta the *Eleanor's* boat won the first prize for shore boats and man-of-war galleys.

After leaving Bombay the *Eleanor* called at Trincomalee, her next port being Penang, from Penang to Singapore, from Singapore to Manila and Hongkong. She is a magnificent specimen of naval architecture, and is luxuriously furnished throughout.

Marine periodicals are constantly commenting upon what is called the slow but sure disappearance of the *Anglo-Saxon* sailor from the seas. A New York journal recently pointed out that the hoped-for recapture of the United States as a naval power is endangered by the want of men

for their war-ships when they are built. The ordinary American, it thinks, cares for little else than money, and he realises that more money is to be made ashore than afloat. It now comes forward with a suggestion that the States should come to an understanding with Norway and Sweden for a supply of desirable men to man the navy; in other words, to get first choice of the men who are already manning English and American ships. Norwegians and Swedes, says *The Marine Journal*, take to the sea naturally as ducks take to the mill-pond. The supply of Scandinavian seamen seems practically unlimited. Hard-headed Mathematisms does not appear to have a foothold anywhere in Scandinavia, as evidenced by the number of people who leave their shores every summer to seek fortune in the backwoods of the United States. The Scandinavians are unpretentious, intelligent, indomitable, hardy and thrifty sailors. Hardly a vessel sails to-day under either the American or British flag but that Swedes and Norwegians constitute a prominent element of her crew.

The arrangement the New York writer advocates includes a monopoly of Scandinavian men in return for American money; and commenting thereon the *Liverpool Journal of Commerce* says:—"Even if it were possible to rehabilitate the American mercantile marine in the way suggested by our contemporary, the end would be to justify itself by means. It would be a confession of maritime incapacity and a national disgrace."

OUR DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

We call the following items from the *Times* Weekly Edition of March 6th:—

On the 1st March Kung Tsjen, Chinese Minister, arrived at Windsor, and was received in audience by the Queen. He presented a letter from the Dowager Empress of China and at the same time offered presents which the Dowager Empress of China sent to Her Majesty.

In a paper read before the East India Association Sir Lepel Griffin referred to the war between China and Japan as likely to have an immense effect on the future of India, and declared that for India the solution of the difficulty was a matter of life and death, and that bimetalism afforded the only remedy.

The French Government has brought into the Chamber a Bill empowering an advance of Tonkin of 9,000,000 towards the cost of the Langson Railway, and the payment of 1,584,000, on account of military expenditure in Siam.

It having been stated in regard to the report of the Oplum Committee that it was understood that a minority report would be appended by Messrs. Wilson and Pease, representing the views of the Society for the suppression of the Opium trade, the Society has authority for stating that Mr. Pease consents to the report drafted by the Committee before it left India, and will sign with the majority of his colleagues.

In the correspondence between the Board of Trade and the Electric Lighting Committee of the St. Pancras Vestry as to the recent explosion, the Board stated that Major Carden has discovered in the street boxes used for electrical supply that a remarkable deposit on some of the boxes contained a considerable quantity of the metal of danger, the presence of which is a grave source of danger, and a reasonable explanation, in connection with the accumulation of escaped gas, of the recent explosion. We may point out that sodium is a soft, silvery-white metal which has so strong an affinity for oxygen that it ignites in contact with water. How such a metal, which cannot be kept in the open air and has to be stored in naphtha, could be deposited on the insulators is a puzzle which the experts are trying to solve.

An important Army order, amending existing regulations in reference to the employment of troops in aid of the civil power during public disorders, has been issued. In it the statement is made that "if officers should, unfortunately, be necessary, officers and soldiers must feel they have a serious duty to perform; and they must perform it with coolness and discretion, and in such a manner as to be able to discontinue their fire the instant it shall be found no longer necessary. Care is to be taken not to fire upon persons separated from the crowd. It is to be observed that to fire over the heads of a crowd engaged in an illegal pursuit would have the effect of favouring the most daring and giddy, and might have the effect of sacrificing the less daring and even the innocent."

The new second-class cruiser *Seyla*, 8 guns, 3,400 tons, 9,000 horse-power, commissioned for the transport of new crews to the East Indian Station was subjected to a powerful trial at the North Sea. The bearings became overheated and she returned to Sheerness. Two torpedo boat destroyers, the *Rocket* and *Shark*, on their official trials gave a mean speed of 27.7 and 27.5 knots respectively. The armament will comprise one 12-pounder, five 6-pounder quick-firing guns, and two torpedo deck-tubes.

Foreign Affairs.

The substance of the agitation against the British control was illustrated by the calm discussion of Mr. Gorst's project for restoring authority to the village sheikhs. The measure was reasonably and temperately discussed, and passed with few amendments.

Russia.—The press censors are active, and have officially and publicly warned the editor of the *Observer* against showing sympathy with socialism.

Cuba.—The Spanish Government is sending reinforcements for the garrison in Cuba. It is stated that the rising is the work of Separatist filibusters acting in league with notorious brigands.

United States.—Mr. Graham states that in no case will the United States permit France to seize the Customs receipts of San Domingo.

Columbia (S. America).—The government forces have been defeated at Cucuta, after a fierce engagement, in which 800 were killed. The rebels captured the city.

Brazil.—The Rio Grande rebels completely defeated a column of government troops in the north of Rio de Janeiro. Serious election riots have occurred in Pernambuco.

Hawaii.—Heavy sentences of fine and imprisonment have been passed on a number of Englishmen, Americans and natives convicted of having taken part in the recent Royalist rising. The British Consul-General said the British subjects have been fairly tried and condemned.

The ex-Queen Liluolalani states that the movement was undertaken without her knowledge and against her wish.

French Colonies.—M. Deloncle, in the French Chamber, said that the English dream of possessing the Upper Nile and Egyptian Sudan had vanished for ever. He spoke of Cecil Rhodes as the "Bonaparte of South Africa."

M. G. Berry advocated the English system of colonialism. "The French Government," said, "treated criminals whom it transported to the colonies even better than it treated honest men."

The Viscount de Vogue asked why, as Tonkin is proving a success, the initiative of a policy should be recalled. Speaking of the supposed bribe of 3,000 francs said to have been given by the Lussembourgs to the press, he remarked, "I can imagine that Mr. Cecil Rhodes would have a good laugh at our squeamishness."

REVIEWS.

"MY DIARY ON A CHINESE FARM," Mrs. Archibald Little. Kelly & Co. Ltd., Hongkong and Shanghai 74 pp.

This extraordinary book is a diary, or rather part of one, for it has neither beginning nor ending. The author tells us in her "Introductory Words" that "It was very hot in the daytime, and all day long I was shut up in the one farmhouse sitting-room, so I started a diary for much the same reason probably, that I have often observed people do so on a sea voyage. They generally do not keep it up to the end, neither did I."

The author seems to have spent some months in a Chinese farmhouse near Chungking. She evidently suffered severely from sunstroke, and as nothing of the slightest interest to herself or anybody else happened there, she wanted her time on the public without taking the trouble to correct the proofs. There is not one fact of interest recorded, not even a bit of description of scenery, but she twaddles on about the sore legs of a coolie boy, about walnuts that did not fall in her eye, and such-like trifles till the reader is sick of the whole affair as she proceeds to have been herself.

She appears even to have forgotten how to write English. That we do not write too severely may be illustrated by one or two quotations. Here is a gem: capitals, punctuation, etc., as per original.

The Farmer's wife was busy chatting, and chopping up the leaves of the grass cloth plant for the pigs. It was 10 o'clock, and as they [the pigs] always get up by 4, I thought she might as well go to bed, and let me sleep. I thought I might as well watch her from under the mosquito curtain, and had a heavenly night with a blanket over me, and such a breeze, till towards morning I actually blew the curtain from off me. Then a man passed with a torch, and all the dogs barked furiously. Presently the Farm people got up, lit their fire, and the men came outside to wash in the dawn [curious bath] Walnuts began to fall here and there from the tree above me. The wind blew more, and I wondered what would be the result of a walnut fell on my eye." (p. 19)

Here is another average sample. "A. arrived with a violent attack of lumbago, which seems common here so we only went for a very little stroll, and wishing to sit at a view point with a fresh breeze asked a cottage near by to lend us a form to sit upon." (p. 23)

Sometimes the author unwittingly makes a joke, as on p. 25 where she says:—"The beauty of the day depends on the take several photos, but I think I suffered afterwards from slipping myself to the sun."

Speaking of 'photos' reminds us to say that most of the illustrations are from very poor negatives. The frontispiece, 'A Country House on the Yangtze,' is really a magnificent view of the Yangtze gorges, the house being quite a minor point in the picture. Had the photo been better this would have been a noble illustration.

The get-up of the book is quite unworthy of the publishers. Up to p. 42 it is printed in large fancy type; then, without rhyme or reason, the type changes. Hoping to find something good to say about a lady's book, we turned to the cover, and lo! it represents a Japanese girl carrying a pail.

MR. HALL CAINE'S "MANXMAN." The ill-advised action of the Rev. J. S. Hilliard in ousting Mr. Caine's splendid work of noble fiction from the shelves of the Free Library has been a splendid advertisement for the author. All the papers condemn the reviewer's conduct, and we are glad to see that the review is in one number, and gives the following epigram to relieve his feelings:—

"We may," said the people of Kaling,
Be given to murder or stealing,
But we're partly cranks, man,
And won't read the Manxman
And that shows our delicate feeling."

Cassell's *Saturday Journal* has an interesting article on "How a Man is written." Mr. Caine spent his early life on the Isle of Man, and the scene of the novel is a wild headland, Manghold Head, on the top of which was school-house kept by an uncle of the novelist.

Messrs. Cassell & Co. send us several of their well-known publications. The *Quiver* for March is as usual of a high character, devoted without being weak. Mrs. Legge contributes a serial story, "The Fortunes of Solome," and Miss Bellamy, one called "Agnes Vaughan's Widow." Work by the same writers, maintains its usefulness, and can be highly recommended to those of our readers who dabble in mechanics.

Cassell's *Saturday Journal* for March, is a wonderful slippery work. It is strongly in short complete stories, and chats about all sorts of curious industries.

The *Journal of the Royal Colonial Institute* for March is peculiarly interesting to us, containing an article on the "Trade with the Oriental Countries," already noticed in these columns, and an exhaustive paper by Sir William Macgregor, the Governor of British New Guinea, on the colony he so ably administers. We hope to notice this article in a future issue.

The *Law Magazine and Review* for February contains two papers on the East. The Rt. Hon. Sir R. Carr-Saunders, Chief Justice of Bengal, writes on "India, as it might be," which is chiefly an adverse criticism of Sir B. C. Chatterjee's paper in the *Nineteenth Century* for June last, and he complains of the official treatment of the Indian National Congress. Sir George had called its members "a set of inept blundering political charlatans," and Sir Richard takes up cudgels on their behalf. Mr. John Dugdale, in his paper on "The Government of India," is a strongly worded supporter of the Indian National Congress. His conclusion is that "there is a general consensus of opinion that the evil from which India is suffering, can be remedied only by a wholesome influence being created, to control the administration of her finances."

We have received the February issue of the *Pilot Chart of the North Pacific Ocean* from the Hydrographic Office at Washington, where it is published. It is a most valuable publication, not only for mariners and fishermen, but for all who take an intelligent interest in physical science. A special feature in this number is the timing of the fishing and sealing grounds. In the S.W. portion of the Pacific few observations on weather and wind have been obtained, and many of vessels trading there or elsewhere in the Pacific are earnestly requested to fill up the blanks for months, which may be obtained gratis at any of the branch offices or direct from Washington. When filled the blanks may be handed to any U.S. Consul, who will forward them free of charge.

Outward Bound.—The winter number contains a series of well-written original light literature, having a somewhat sentimental character. The first is "The Manxman," which is a story of a "Proverbial Wisdom," which is a humorous account of a trip in a "Proverbial Wisdom." The second is "The Manxman," which is a humorous account of a trip in a "Proverbial Wisdom."

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We have received a copy of *My Holiday in China*, pp. 180. 26 illustrations, by W. R. Kahler. Shanghai. Reprinted from the *Temperance Union*. No publisher's name appears on this interesting booklet.

NEWS BY THE AMERICAN MAIL.

The Pacific Mail S. S. Co.'s steamer *City of Peking*, Capt. Wm. Ward, from San Francisco, via Yokohama and Nagasaki, with mails up to 14th March, arrived in port last Thursday. From our San Francisco exchanges we take the following telegrams, which were "crowded out" of Thursday's issue:—

LONDON, 8th March.
George W. Smaller, the well-known London correspondent of the *New York Tribune*, has been appointed American correspondent of the *London Times*.

NEW HAVEN, March 10th.
The Winchester Repeating Arms Company yesterday shipped 2,000,000 cartridges to the Chinese Government. Since the beginning of hostilities the company has shipped 20,000 stands of arms to China and is now working on an additional cartridge order for that Government.

NEW YORK, March 10th.
Harold Fredericks cables to the *Times* from London:—"As matters on the Continent begin to work around and adjust themselves to the new conditions, it becomes more apparent that England and France have both been left in the lurch. Berlin has become, in a sense it never was before, the centre of European power, and will be able to count upon the assent of St. Petersburg. Vienna and Rome to what it says and does."

This lopsided preponderance of Eastern as against Western Europe is the direct consequence of the foolishness of a few score of French journalists and a few politicians, who have devoted themselves in the past few years to cynicism, their Foreign Office, and French public sentiment behind it, to an all-round feud with England.

BERLIN, March 10th.
The *Berlin Courier* states that the Ministerial cabinet has acquired Count von Klobbe of the church against him in connection with the recent Court scandal. Von Klobbe was the Royal Chamberlain at the time the unsavoury scandal, in which he was a principal figure, was causing widespread comment. His arrest in June last was the result of four years of police injunction.

During that period members of the highest German aristocracy were in receipt of anonymous letters and postal cards making the most indecent personal accusations against the persons addressed or against their friends. The accused's innocence was finally established and he was set free and restored to his position at Court.

The real authorship of the letters, etc., is still a mystery, though Von Klobbe's wife claims to have knowledge of the writer.

NEW YORK, March 13th.
Now that Judge Richter of Louisiana has found that prize-fighting in that State is a legitimate business under the special protection of the law, the followers of pugilism are beginning to pick New Orleans as the scene of the Corbett-Fitzsimmons contest. The strong probability that by a stroke of the pen the chief executive of Oklahoma may also legalize prize-fighting has likewise had the effect of calling fresh attention to the great battle.

W. A. Brady, Corbett's manager, said:—"The New Orleans decision cuts no figure in the arrangements between Corbett and Fitzsimmons. The Jacksonville people have put up \$5,000 in Phil Dwyer's hands as a forfeit in case they cannot pull off the fight. They offered a purse of \$40,000, and on April 1st will pay Corbett and Fitzsimmons \$1,000 each for traveling expenses. At that time the date of the contest will be named. The principals have signed to fight in Jacksonville, and the Floridians have the first and only claim."

The fact that the City Council of Jacksonville passed an anti-prize-fighting Ordinance amounts to nothing. If the Legislature passes a law against us then New Orleans and Oklahoma can do their bidding. Corbett will train in Aubury Park if they fight in Jacksonville or New Orleans, and in Hot Springs if Oklahoma is to be the battlefield."

Brady is expecting to hear soon from the Jacksonville people. He thinks if it came down to a bidding match between New Orleans and Oklahoma the Western

of minor surgical operations, such as opening of abscesses, removal of foreign bodies, reduction of simple dislocations, and of fractured bones, removal of nasal polypoid and other small tumors, &c., performed daily in the Out-Patient Department by the visiting medical officers, the House Surgeons, and the senior students.

THE "SAMARITAN" FUND.

Mrs. Stevens desires to acknowledge with thanks donations of money to her "Samaritan" fund, as follows:—Mr. Pearce, \$24; Miss Wilson, \$12; Mrs. Burton, \$11; Miss Dunn, \$4 6s; Miss Davies, \$4; Miss Jones, \$3; and from proceeds of work sold, \$17, making a total of \$107 6s, and also of large quantities of old iron from Mrs. Tucker, Hongkong Hotel.

With the money thus placed at her disposal Mrs. Stevens has during the year been able to supply clothing to a number of the patients who are most in need of it. It is to furnish travelling expenses to poor folk who on leaving the Alfred Memorial Hospital wished to go away back to their native villages for rest and change of air; to purchase fruit for some of the patients; and to otherwise help the more needy among our patients. Any friends who may feel disposed to help in the work being done in this direction are invited to communicate with Mrs. Stevens, who will also gladly receive and utilize, gifts of money, fruit, flowers, cast-off clothing, &c., sent to her at either of the Hospitals.

In conclusion to this report, I should like to direct attention to the serious deficit that existed at the close of the financial year, and which has since been creditably increased. This has been due to a large extent to the fact that during 1894 a number of the patients of the Alfred Memorial Hospital, and therefore only to a very small extent, have been able to pay for their treatment. The present need, however, necessitates a return to the former period of collecting subscriptions among the foreign community, which until last year was done in April and May, and the Donations Lists will be sent round immediately after the issue of this report. In connection with the House Committee I have since my return gone carefully into every item of the financial statement with a view to retrenchment in our outgoings, and have cut down expenses to the supply of the barest needs of the work; but such a condition of things cannot long exist without limiting the whole work of the Hospital, and I would most earnestly urge a very liberal response to the new appeal for funds that is about to be made.

JOHN C. THOMSON, M.A., M.D.

THE HONORARY TREASURER IN ACCOUNT CURRENT WITH THE ALFRED MEMORIAL AND VICTORIA HOSPITALS.

During the twelve months, 1st February, 1894, to 31st January, 1895.

Dr. Jan. 1st, 1895.

To Donations as per Donations List... \$4,786 98

Special Donations from:—

City Hall per Mr. E. A. Mason... \$100

Committee of Chinese Professionals... 190

Committee of Water Procession... 100

Bellio's scholarships refunded... 390 00

Interest on Permanent Fund (20,000) and Bellio's Medicine Fund (\$4,000)... 140 00

Interest on E. F. Insurance... 905 00

Balance in debt of account with Hongkong and Shanghai Bank... 3 12

Balance in debt of account with Hongkong and Shanghai Bank... 1,056 98

\$ 7,282 00

Cr. Feb. 1st 1895, Jan. 31st, 1895.

Dr. Balance from last account... \$ 7 25

Salaries, Wages, and Scholarships... 3,171 64

Fund of Patients and Students... 1,104 10

Medicines and Surgical materials... 1,891 08

Registries during the year... 164 35

Suitcases, printing, Crown rent, laundry, fire insurance, and petty charges... 361 70

Sundry Expenses, as per House Surgeons' minutes... 522 03

Interest on current acc with the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank... 37 73

\$ 7,282 08

E. & O. F. W. H. WICKHAM, Hon. Treasurer.

Audited and found correct, G. STEWART, 3d April, 1895.

"KISS ME, JACK, AND LET ME GO."

Open, long ago, I was witness to a duel in California. The two men had been bosom friends, but had quarrelled about (of course) a woman. Splendid fellows both—strong, healthy, and athletic. As they stood in a clear space among the pine trees near Sacramento, pale as lilies, steady as rocks, weapons in hand waiting for the word, the rising sun shining athwart the line of vision, they presented a picture too often seen in 1856. The pistol cracked almost simultaneously. One man, standing erect and untroubled, the other fell full on his back and lay stretched and still. "No, don't disturb me," he said coolly to the doctor. "I'm shot fatally and shall die in five minutes. Call Jack and be quick." Pistol still in hand, his antagonist came and bent over his erstwhile enemy. The excitement among the crowd was intense; the dying man alone was calm. "Jack, my darling old boy," he said, "forgive me and forgive her. Kiss me and let me go." A minute more and he was dead, with Jack lying across his body, crying like a baby.

After I have told you another and very different story, I'll show wherein they teach the same lesson.

There is no tragedy in this one; nevertheless it is of wider human interest than the other. A woman had been ill more or less all her life. The details are commonplace enough, and yet they will appeal to millions who care nothing for the jealousies of young men in love.

"At times," she says, "I suffered from pains at the back of the head, and a sense of weight, and felt tired and weary, yet it was not from work only. I had a strange feeling, too, of something hanging over me, as of some evil or danger that I could not explain or define.

"My appetite was variable; sometimes I could eat nothing and at other times I could not touch any food at all. But I never went to bed, as it were."

Please note the last sentence. It may seem like the weakest but really is the strongest point in this lady's statement. We will tell you why in a moment.

She goes on: "Still I was often in misery, but got along fairly well until August, 1890, when I had a severe attack of rheumatism. First the great toe of my right foot and the thumb of my right hand grew hot and painful. After a time the trouble extended to my back and hips. I could not straighten myself; I was almost bent double. Month after month I was like this, getting little or no sleep at night. Medical treatment proved of no benefit to me. In December, 1891, the pain almost drove me mad. My face was swollen to nearly twice its natural size, and my eyes were so covered by the enlarged lids that I could scarcely see. There was a constant ringing in my ears, and the doctors said I had erysipelas.

"For days and days I could not walk across the room, and for some time I was unable to move about

only by taking hold of the furniture or other objects. When all other means had been tried and had failed, Mother Selig's Curative Syrup was recommended to me. A single bottle did me a deal of good. I kept on with it, and soon was stronger and in better health than for forty years previously. I still take an occasional dose and continue in good health notwithstanding my age (58), and the 'change of life.' I tell everyone what the Syrup has done for me, and give you permission to publish what I have said. Yours truly (Signed), (Mrs.) MARY JANE MILLER, 19, Walker's Buildings, Brewery Lane, Thornhill, Leeds, near Dewsbury, Yorkshire, October 13th, 1892."

Now for the lesson of both these incidents; what is it? This is that it is not people in desperate extremities who suffer most. Pain is in proportion to the resistance to disease. Those who surrender, who are in despair, who give up, have present punishment largely remitted. Dying persons are the most comfortable of all. Hopelessness and dissolution administer their own anodynes. Those who are not laid up, who are ill and yet work and struggle, need pity and help. This lady was one, and to such Mother Selig always proves a friend.—*Advt.*

How to gain Flesh and Strength.—Take after each meal—about a tablespoonful of Scott's Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil with Hyposphosphites. It is almost as palatable as milk and easily digested. The rapidity with which delicate children and sickly people suffering from weakness and wasting disease improve and thrive upon this diet is truly marvellous. As a remedy for Consumption and Throat Affections and Bronchitis is unequalled by any other preparation in the world. Any Chemist can supply it.—Sole Agents for Hongkong and the Empire of China:—Watkins & Co., Hongkong.—*Advt.*

For Sale.

MELLIN'S FOOD, FOR INFANTS AND INVALIDS.

HAVING been appointed SOLE AGENTS for this Food, the Undersigned are prepared to supply MELLIN'S FOOD and other MELLIN'S SPECIALITIES in large or small quantities at very favourable charges. Special term to the Trade.

KAY & Co., Sole Agents, 26, Hollywood Road.

Hongkong, 19th March, 1895. [373]

THE FREDERICKSBURG BREWERY CO.'S LIGHT PALE ALE,

Unsurpassed in quality and highly recommended by persons of refined taste.

Makes a delicious and comforting drink during Summer Months.

H. E. BOTTLEWALL, SOLE AGENT, No. 2, D'Agular Street.

Hongkong, 5th March, 1895. [197]

CALDBECK, MACGREGOR & Co.,

WINE and SPIRIT MERCHANTS,

HONGKONG, SHANGHAI, LONDON AND GLASGOW.

13, Queen's Road, Hongkong, 24th August, 1894. [100]

FOR SALE.

JAPAN HAND-MADE PAPERS.

JAPAN PRINTING PAPERS.

JAPAN COPYING PAPERS.

JAPAN WALL PAPERS.

PRICES VERY MODERATE.

ORDERS respectfully solicited by the Under-

signed.

MEISSEI RUSSAN KAISHA, 8, Queen's Road Central.

Hongkong, 1st January, 1894. [28]

G. FALCONER & CO.,

WATCH and CHRONOMETER MANUFACTURERS and JEWELLERS,

NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS, CHARTS and BOOKS.

No. 48, Queen's Road Central. [607]

LEVY HERMANOS.

AND AT SHANGHAI, MANILA, ILOILO & PARIS.

JEWELLERY, DIAMONDS, WATCH, CHRONOMETER & CLOCKMAKERS.

Also GENERAL IMPORT & EXPORT, 10, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, Opposite the Telegraph Office.

THIS CENTURY'S GREAT DISCOVERY.

Renovation & Prolongation of Life

BY THE

ELIXIR GODINEAU

Head Office, PARIS, Rue St. Lazare, 7.

CURE OF WEAKENED subjects, OF NERVOUS complaints and all other diseases proceeding from bad nutrition and DECAY and DECOMPOSITION of the Blood.

MARVELLOUS CURES.

Explanatory Pamphlets are sent free on application

Dr. PIERRE MARTY, Esq., Hongkong, Agents for M. OFFENHEIMER & Co., Paris.

Hongkong, 14th June, 1894. [17]

Intimations.

BOVRIL! BOVRIL! BOVRIL!!!

40lbs. BEEF ARE USED IN MAKING 1lb. BOVRIL EXTRACT.

HAVING been appointed SOLE AGENTS for HONGKONG and the EMPIRE OF CHINA, we are now landing Ex S.S. *Bombay*, the largest Shipment ever imported into this Country, and we are prepared to supply BOVRIL and BOVRIL WINE in quantities to suit purchasers at the lowest figure ever offered:—

SPECIAL TERMS TO DEALERS.

WATKINS & CO., SOLE AGENTS.

THE APOTHECARIES' HALL, 66, Queen's Road Central.

SPECIAL MAKERS OF ARTICLES FOR LADIES' COMPLEXION

JAVA POWDER

SOLD EVERYWHERE LARGE ASSORTMENT OF PERFUMERY PUT UP IN THE LATEST PARISIAN STYLE

12 & 14, Boul. St. Martin, PARIS

ROUGE & BLANC FOR THEATRE BLANC & PERLES LIQUID

EVERETT PAPER

ROUGE & BLANC FOR THEATRE BLANC & PERLES LIQUID

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Hotels.

BAY VIEW HOTEL.

THE "RAMSGATE" OF HONGKONG, (On Shau-ki-wan Road.)

THE POPULAR SUMMER RESORT, and TERMINUS of the only pleasant DRIVE to be had on the Island. "BAY VIEW" occupies the best situation on the Shau-ki-wan Road, commands an excellent view of the Harbour, and is always open to the cool breezes from the Southward. Steam-launches can at any time come alongside the jetty adjoining the spacious lawn.

To the other attractions of this popular resort BATHING PAVILIONS have been added, and a LAUNCH runs from the NEW PEDDERS WHARF to BAY VIEW every half-hour after 5 p.m. daily.

Private Dinners or Tiffin prepared in First-class style on the shortest notice, and Meals can be served at all hours.

Hongkong, 13th August, 1894. [19]

PEAK HOTEL.

OPEN ALL THE YEAR ROUND.

THIS commodious and well appointed HOTEL, situated at a height of 7,250 feet above sea-level, has just been thoroughly re-decorated, renovated and re-furnished, and a NEW WING has been built, which commands magnificent Views of the Harbour and mainland of China.

SPECIAL SUMMER RATES, (FROM APRIL 1ST TO OCTOBER 31ST).

One person, per day... \$ 4 00

One person, per month... \$ 75 00

Married couple (occupying one room) per day... 7 00

Married couple (occupying one room) per month... 150 00

Married couple (occupying two rooms) per month... 170 00

For further particulars, apply to THE MANAGER, New Victoria Hotel, Hongkong, 16th March, 1895. [26]

WINDSOR HOTEL, HONGKONG.

THIS ESTABLISHMENT, situated in the elegant Building known as "CONNAUGHT HOUSE," offers First-class Accommodation to Residents and Travellers.

Passenger Elevator, from Entrance Hall to each Floor, in charge of experienced Attendant.

Favourable Arrangements made for Families and for Monthly or Extended Periods.

P. BOHM, Proprietor & Manager, Hongkong, 3rd April, 1895. [20]

FUJIYA HOTEL, MIYANOSHITA, HAKONE.

Four and a half hours from Yokohama.

FIRST-CLASS ACCOMMODATION. NATURAL HOT SPRINGS.

THE ELECTRIC LIGHT IN ALL THE BUILDINGS.

TWO ENGLISH BILLIARD TABLES.

EXCELLENT CUISINE.

SPECIAL RATES MADE FOR A PROLONGED STAY.

S. N. YAMAGUCHI, Proprietor.

THOMAS' GRILL ROOMS, (Corner of Queen's Road and Duddell Street.)

THE Undersigned has always thought that such a place as this, where the one thing needed to be in between HOKKAI and the PRIVATE BOARDING HOUSE—providing it be First-class in every detail—A place where one may have his GRILLED CHOP or STEAK at any hour of the Day, up to 11 P.M., or later if needed for given. He is now prepared to SUPPLY MEATS TO PRIVATE PARTIES for Dinner or Orders—the further reading Dishes, &c. for same and Cooks' Turns—

Breakfast per meal \$0.75 or Month \$12

Tea per meal \$0.25 or Month \$4

Dinner per meal \$0.50 or Month \$8

Breakfast, Tea and Dinner per meal \$1.25 or Month \$20

Breakfast and Tea per meal \$0.75 or Month \$12

Tea and Dinner per meal \$0.75 or Month \$12

Breakfast and Dinner per meal \$1.00 or Month \$16

Special Tiffin and Dinners served in English Style at short notice.

W. THOMAS, Proprietor, Hongkong, 14th June, 1894. [17]

HONGKONG TIMBER YARD, WANCHAI.

OREGON PINE SPARS and LUMBER Always on Hand. L. MALIOR, Hongkong, 24th June, 1894. [72]

DENTISTRY.

DR. I. SAKATA (from Japan), Mr. SUZUKI, DENTAL SURGEON, 53, Queen's Road Central.

First Class Dentistry and Moderate Fees.

Consultation Free. Hongkong, 9th April, 1894. [33]

DENTISTRY.

FIRST CLASS WORKMANSHIP AND MODERATE FEES.